MEMPHIS AND THE GEOGRAPHICAL suits, brought by B. P. Anderson, rev-CONGRESS.

mercial relations with her. Fourteen years, the speedy collection

PARIS, December 10, 1874. DEAR SIE-Agreeably with what we oth settled upon some months ago, I have informed the chamber of commerce at Memphis of the desire that exists that it should enter into relations with the syndicate chambers of Paris. Through the medium of a friend of mine, that chamber replied to the proposition, naming you and myself their delegates. I now desire to inform ou in its name, that it will feel highly flattered to assuming immediate relations with your syndicates, and to forward you its reports and documents, some of which are very interesting and curious. I have reason to believe that other chambers of commerce will follew their example, and that in the valiey of the Mississippi—which less than a century ago belonged to France—you will have numerous friends, who, from interest, if not from the sympathy for us still remaining in these regions, will come to Paris to sell their cotton, taking your products in return. Memphis is the second cotton market in North Ame:ica, and is situated upon the Micsissippi, eight hundred miles by water from New Orleans, and four hundred from St. Louis. Several ratiroads reach Memphis, placing the city in communication with the various great commercial and agricultural centers of the United States. One of these lines connects it with New Orleans, by means of which it can be reached in fifteen hours, while by the river the journey takes three or four days. The climate is much like that of France, and the State of Tennessee, in which Memphis is situated, produces with equal readiness cotton in the southern portion, and cereals at the east and north. The fully; and its metallurgical riches are equal, if not superior, to those found anywhere else, as you may judge by the

EDM, FARRENC. From the writer of this letter, so kindly in its spirit toward Memphis, was yesterday received-in English-the fol-

Paris, February 22, 1875. J. M. Pettigrew, President Memphis Cham-

Memphis chamber of commerce had resolved to send samples of the products of your State to the geographical conss. It is, consequently, necessary to make application for rooms here, and I regret to state that you have not author ized me to do sc. In the absence of any order on your part on the subject, I have obtained, however, from my friends that they will keep a room open for you until further orders. The place devoted to the commercial exhibition will be in the galleries of the Tuilleries, which fronts pliable campaign timber as could be dethe river Seine. Any one of you who know Paris sees where that is. There will be no charge for the room but carpenter work; stand, etc., etc., will be at the expense of the exhibitors. No duties railroad companies will make a reduction of price on their usual rates of about half. All expenses of transportation on and back will be charged to the exhibitor. In the interest of your city, I state it is necessary that every sample sent should be attended by a minute description of the quality and quantity produced in every State, of its growth, cultivation, fabrication, price, etc. In short, of all the information calculated to enlighten our merchants and to bring about buyers. These must be sent at an early date, so as to be printed in the catalogue. An elegant pavilion is to be erected in the center of the building for the exhibition of curiosities. Such is, sir, the information I have to convey to-day to your chamber. In a few days
I hope to invite you, officially, as secre-tary general of the International chamber of commerce. I am, sir, respectfully yours truly, EDWARD FARRENC,

The congress of which Monsieur Farrane writes is that of the second annual meeting of the international congress of Washington. This feeling grew out of geographical sciences, which commences a recent effort on the part of the departcon the first day of August next. We learn from John Toof, Esq., the secretary of the chamber of commerce, that a view to learning whether any checks, the Delaware railroad bridge, three which were not properly stamped, have miles west of here, has been swept that institution will forward for exhibition at the congress samples of every quality of our cottons, cotton-seed, crude and refined cotton-seed oil, cotton-seed cake and meal, Tennessee-grown corn, wheat, tobacco and other articles, including mineralogical specimens. The sustenance of friendly relations with so investigation, inquiries were made yeseminent a body as the chambres syndi- terday, and the following information cales cannot but be in the highest degree favorable to our commerce, as it will be pleasant to our social feelings.

## THE ABOLISHMENT OF OUR COURTS WILL THE GOVERNOR VETO THE

The action of the legislature abolishing the second chancery and second circuit courts of Shelky county, has elicited much discussion, and popular sentiment | which would be remedied at the next appears to be all on the side of perpetuating those courts. Lawyers who know the necessity of their existence the receipts of the government. In the and are best qualified to judge, unite in meantime, owing to the expectation one common protest against their that the tax was merely nominal and not intended to be strictly enforced, abolishment. They argue that it is wholly impossible for one chancellor to dispose of or do justice to three thousand two hundred and sixty-fix causes now ing tellers in the transaction of business, on the two chancery dockets, and the same is said of the law stamped checks of customers who were dockets. It appears from the report of ignorant of the requirements of the law. the clerks that there are more causes These facts became known to certain now on the chancery dockets than there of high officials, who found a were when the two courts were organized, and more, too, than have been disposed of in the five years of their existence. Then how is it possible for one known that all the banks have depositors who draw only a few checks, and chancellor to clear the dockets with an when the bank-books are balanced, average of two causes each day? We they do not call for their vouchers. know that many, in a spirit of retrench- This was well understood by the revement and economy, have declared for more convenient for the moiety-hunters abolishment of courts and many other to attack a bank, where they would supposed reforms, but upon an investi- have less trouble in finding evidence gation it is easy to see that the than in searching private offices. They abolishment of courts does not afford relief, but on the contrary works great detriment to public interest. State and into the New England and The bar pronounced very emphatically been forwarded to Washington by the against such legislation, and their voice should have been heeded as paramount to the expression of ten thousand citizens unnequainted with the business Ydrk, \$2,200,252; Philadelphia, \$156,312; and necessities of the courts. We are Baltimore, \$120,049; New Orleans, week informed that some two hundred sub- ending March 6th, \$54,918.

enue commissioner, are pending in the Memphis has again and again received second chancery court for the collection the most flattering attention from Eu- of over two hundred thousand dollars of ropean cities, desirous of forming com- State and county taxes, due for past years ago, Autwerp, Ghent and other which the empty treasury of cities of Beigium, made overtures to the State is deeply interested trade with this city; since then, Mar- in, and the city of Memphis has in said seilles and Lyons, in France, and now | courts over three hundred and fifty suits Paris herself, have invited our city to just brought, involving the collection of outer into commercial relations with over three hundred thousand dollars of them. The French feel especially city revenue, against a host of delinkindly disposed toward this part of our quents. These are questions in which country, because it once belonged to tax-payers are largely interested, and them, and every intelligent Frenchman | they should not let these courts be aboltakes a pride in reflecting that his ished, and these causes be put to the country laid the foundation-stone of heels of the first chancery court docket, that vast social superstructure that ex- where they will rest undisturbed for five ists in the Mississippi valley to-day. years and more, Perchance it is these Proof of the attention given by them to hundreds of delinquents who are clamour own city, is furnished by the fol- oring for the abolishment of these courts. lowing communication, which was read We hope if the governor has not already at a recent meeting of the central com- approved the bill, he will consider these mittee of the French syndlacs, or facts, as we fear our representatives have chambers of commerce, by one of the not. We have heard expressions from secretaries-Monsieur J. L. Howard- so many that we venture the assertion and which we translate from the original | that no one at all acquainted with the business of the courts, both chancery and law, will say we can dispense with either without great detriment to public interest. We understand that a petition to the governor is being signed by almost the entire legal fraternity, protesting against the action of the legislature, and knowing his excellency as we do, we have entire confidence that he will not allow the interests of the State and our county to be prejudiced by such ac-

cidental hasty legislation. We accord

to the delegation from Shelby

an honest design to represent

their constituents, but they have

been advised by a clamorous few

wholly incapable of advising intelli-

solemn protest if time was allowed, but

the legislation is wholly impeded, and

State have remained in abeyance. We

hope the governor will urge the legisla-

ture to act again, after mature delibera-

we do not fear the result. The best legal

minds of our city insist that the courts

cannot be abolished, and that the judges

will draw their salaries whether they

work or not, and they have ample au-

thorities to support them; but we leave this question to the bar. It is now asserted positively that Attorney-General Williams will resign and raising of cattle, owing to the rich pas- that Ben. Butler and Matt. Carpenter are contestants for his castaway honors, Carpenter, of course, having the best chance. The Chicago Times says that the mountains for safety.

In this castaway honors, of which broke through a ravine at the base of the mountains this morning, that is supposed to live in Tippah country, at least fifteen or twenty miles from ty, at least fifteen or twenty miles from the one hundred dollars of capital in the one hundred dollars of the reason assigned for Williams's anxie- The losses by the floods and obstruction plausible one that he is in mortal fear of one million dollars. an impeachment at the hands of the new congress; but he is not morning, says: "About ten minutes ago yet exactly ready to retire to private the ice began to move out suddenly, and life, and aspires to succeed the great | with it one span of the magnificent new | On His Return to Cork He Defends American pokerist at the court of St. James, an aspiration not unlikely to be realized, provided the proposed swap of | bridge, with the exception of the last General Schenck shall not be consummated. Altogether, the proposed changes have a probable look, as it is a and in a moment after that structure paign purposes, and the proposed new material would unquestionably prove as

THE Federal senate spent nearly all yesterday in executive session, during on the samples sent, except if sold. The | which a resolution was submitted, "that a special committee, appointed to examine the several branches of the civil service, with a view to the reorganization of the several departments thereof, be authorized to sit during the recess of the senate, to employ a stenographer, to administer oaths, and to send for persons and papers." After the doors were the Hawaiian treaty was taken up and discussed up to the hour of adjournment

A FINANCIAL OUTRAGE.

Search Made in New York Banks for Unstamped Checks-Protest of the Bank Managers.

New York Tribune, March 11th.1

Banking men throughout the country are very much excited over the action of the internal revenue department at ment to establish an inquisitorial system of investigation into the manner of transacting business at the banks, with which were not properly stamped, have been paid. The banks were called upon to furnish the evidence of any carelessness or omission on their part in this respect, the object being to collect the penalty of fifty dollars for every check discovered to have been paid without a stamp. With the purpose of ascertaining the history and causes of the proposed obtained: In 1862 the stamp-tax, always odious, was imposed as a war necessity. Changes occurred from time to time until 1872, when the stamp-law was repealed. All requirements for stamps on papers were cut off, except for checks, the tax on these being the smallest and most objectionable of all. Many believed that it had been the intention of congress to repeal this provision also, and that the failure to do so was an accidental omission, session. The panie reduced the revenue anything that would further decrease while many thought that it had actually been repealed, a laxity in the observwithout the knowledge of the chief officers of the bank, would cash the unbegan their operations in New York several weeks ago, and have extended

bank managers of this city. Customs receipts for the week ending

WIND AND WATER.

Further Particulars from Rienzi-The Killed and Wounded-Sad Scenes-Destruction of Property.

The Town Almost Ruined, and the People Nearly Destitute-Incidents of the Terrible Storm.

The Susquehanna "Rises to Explain," and Sweeps Everything Before it-Property and Lives Lost-Damage to Bailroads-Etc.

DANVILLE, PA., March 17.— The bridge over the Susquehanna, at this place, has been carried away. The water is higher than in 1885, and rising. There is an ice-gorge between here and Sunbury, and railroad connection is cut off on the Land B. railroad, and two highway bridges at Pittston, and the highway bridge at Catawissa, have been carried away. The bridges at Wilkesbarre, Plymouth and Nanticoke are in danger. WILKESBARRE, PA., March 17.—The ice still remains stationary at this place and there has been no perceptible fall of the water since afternoon. Cellars of houses on river street are filled with water, and the gas work have the depth of several feet of water in them. The whole city is in darkness, candles and lamps furnishing the only light. Travel has been stopped between here and Kingston since last night, the flats being entirely submerged and it being unsafe to cross the bridge. The three bridges which were swept away from Pittston are Jammed in the gorge three miles above here at Nanticoke dam. Eight miles below the ice began to meve togently. Thousands would enter their day and the river was cleared for a mile above that point, but from there to the island the gorge at the lower end has been hurried through, whilst mat-as ever. The weather has been ters of vital importance to the whole gradually growing colder, and every-thing will be frozen solid to-night. This undoubtedly prevented the bridge at

this place being carried away, and should another thaw follow, the ice may tion, with all the facts before them, and go down without further damage; but we do not fear the result. The best legal if the thaw be sudden the devastation will be greater on account of the cold snap. The Lackawanna and Bloomsburg iron railroad bridge, which was swept away last night, at Pittston, cost one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and two wooden wagon bridges cost nearly fifty thousand dollars each. The Lehigh Valley railroad, above and below Pittston, is covered with great blocks of ice, and no trains run above

ty to leave the cabinet is the very to railroad travel will not fall short of

Wilkesbarre.

NEW YORK, March 17 .- A dispatch from Pittston, dated at one o'clock this bridge. Two men were on it at the time, but were just rescued when out swung three more spans. This cleared the new positions between Secretary Fish and span, which is still standing. Within ten minutes of the first catastrophe loud sounds came from the direction of the old bridge, a quarter of a mile up stream, The loss on the bridges alone is not less than half a million dollars. In West Pittston the river is making terrible inroads on valuable property located there. The flood has already covered the lower portion of the place, and the greatest apprehensions are felt for the safety of several dwellings. The loss must be

very great." 9:45 a.m.—About three hundred houses in Port Jervis proper, between the railway and the river, were more or less damaged by the water; many of them were filled to the second story. Owing to ample warning given by the authorities no lives were lost. All the large shops of the Erie railroad company had more or less water in them, but no great damage was done. Chief En-gineer Chanale, of the Erie railroad, has started for the location of the Delaware bridge to arrange a temporary mantown most of the suffering was in the western part of the village.
PORT JERVIS, March 17.—At six o'clock this morning a large whistle

riding upon a crest of wave ten feet

7 a.m.-The water is rising very rapidly, and King street is inundated. A large charge of nitro-glycerine just exdamming up at the head of the gorge. away. The flood is coming with inconceivable force, and the inhabitants are fleeing in confusion from the flats. 8 s.m .- The gorge remains firm.

stream, while the water in the village is lowering. The Carroll bridge stands, badly damaged. Probably though twenty blocks were inundated, and some houses were carried off. As far as heard from no lives were lost. The general impression seems to be that the weakening of the gorge by blasting has saved the entire lower part of the bridge from destruction. Five

holes had been dug in the main dam of the glacier, in each of which twentyfive pounds of nitro-glycerine were exploded at a critical moment. 9 a.m.-The Carroll bridge has just been swept away, unable to withstand the railroad bridge, which had given so that it was deemed inadvisable to do away some distance above and was anything that would further decrease dashed against it by the flood. The wreck of the two bridges are being carried rapidly down stream, and the suson bridge, eight miles below, is felt

to be doomed. WILKESBARRE, PA., March 17 .- The river is twenty-six feet above low-water mark, and within three feet of the bottom of the bridge, which is in imminent danger, and will in all probability be the opposite side of the river has ceased, as the bridge is insecure. BIENZI.

four colored persons, their names not a Democratic governor.

known. Those stightly wounded were two sons and two daughters of M. B. Armor, Mrs. J. D. Norman and child, Mrs. J. M. Martin and daughter Kitty, Mrs. Kelium, Mrs. J. M. Bynum and child, Mrs. Jourdan Reese and child, Mrs. E. P. Hoshell, child of W. T. Nash and Mr. Alexander. Rev. O. D. Fitzgerald was slightly wounded, while

five miles from Rienzi, at Mr. Bray's. Bray's house was blown away. The houses blown away and utterly The houses blown away and utterly demolished, were W. C. Gibson's, J. D. Norman's brick, Giles Savage's, W. B. Armor's, J. C. Covey's, W. M. Ross's, J. F. Arnold's, J. M. Martin's, Dr. J. M. Byuum's, H. T. Jonsey's, O. A. Gordon's, E. P. Hoshell's, and a vacant blessing to Thes. Dilworth house belonging to Thos. Dilworth, house belonging to Thos. Dilworth,
Baptist church, academy, two colored
churches, foundry of D. & L. Fitzgerald, blacksmith shop of W. C.
Sledge, shop of Posey Martin, W. T.
Nash's dwelling, W. B. Gilham's, Mrs.
Palmer's, one mile from Rienzi; Jordan Reese's, two miles from town; Thomas Davis's, one mile from town, and several negro houses.

The houses of Mrs. Martha Ross, Dr.

Savage lost about one hundred dollars, W. B. Armor, lost about one hundred and seventy dollars, blown away. Mr. Armor found his about one hundred yards from his house. One sill of Mr. Armor's house, about forty-five feet long, was blown nearly one hundred yards. The floor of one room of his house was blown entirely across Tus-cumbia into Mr. Rhinehart's field, about one and a half miles from Rienzi. Eight or ten houses were blown down between Blackland and Jumpertown; no one seriously hurt, except Mrs. Ellis and Mrs. Adair; others slightly wounded. The great mystery to all is that no more were killed. Mr. Armor and family were found about two hundred and fifty feet from where the house stood. The brick pillars on which his house rested were blown down, and nearly all the trees that were within the scope of the storm were blown down. Porter Wal-ker was killed in the brick house of John D. Norman, his son-in-law. It is utterly impossible to imagine the damage done without visiting the scene. All the fencing near Rienzi is blown down, a great many corn cribs blown down, and some stock killed. Robert Henderson had one horse killed. Dozens of families are left houseless, and if they had a house their furniture and provisions are destroyed. Loss variously estimated at from seventy-five thousand dollars to one hundred and poses, shall be thirty cents. twenty-five thousand dollars, within the corporation limits of Rienzi. Mr. Lusk found a lady's dress just after day-light, three miles northwest from Ri-

JOHN MITCHEL.

Himself against Disraeli's Charges-His Part in the Civil War.

Cork (Ireland) Examiner, February 27th.

A large audience assembled at the Theater Royal last night to hear Mr. Mitch-el's lecture, which was looked forward to with a great deal of interest. For recognized necessity that the present cabinet shall be reconstructed for campaign purposes, and the proposed new treaties for "cheers for Judge Keogh; then it was whispered around that Mr. Mitchel had been taken very ill, and could not possibly come down. After preparing himself for the lecture, it appeared he fainted, and any movement on his part would, it was feared, be very dangerous. At this crisis some members of the committee were dispatched to Sunday's Well, and Mr. Mitchel, making a great effort, rose from his sick couch and accompanied them back to the theater. At nine o'clock the curtain rose, and Mr. Mitchel was seen sitting in an arm chair, looking very ill, and physically pros-trate. Mr. Mitchel was greeted with tremendous cheering, renewed again and again, the entire audience rising and waving hats and pocket handkerchiefs. When the excitement had subsided Mr. Haly, T. C., moved that Alderstructure for crossing the river. At Ger- man Dwyer take the chair. Mr. Mitchel's lecture was read for him, as has been announced by another gentleman. In the course of the lecture he said: "The prime minister has dared to say summoned the people to look out for a summoned the people to look out for a fletod, as the river was rising with fearful rapidity. The telegraph had preful rapidity. The telegraph had preful rapidity announced that the ice had viously announced that the ice had viously announced that the ice had viously announced that the ice had roughly distinct grounds listed ground alleged; the other is, that I broke my parole of honor, a matter which has nothing to do with the law of the case at nothing to do with the law of the case at with execration, and to bring my constituents into contempt for having elected such a person. The London Times, indeed, has discovered a third disgraceploded did great execution. The ice is ful crime of which I have been guilty, viz., that I was a southern Confederate during the war in America. As to this last charge, I own the soft impeachment; I was a Confederate, and so were all the best men that I met in Americs. [Hear, hear.] My three sons served in the Confederate army, and two of 8:55 a.m.—A great shout of thankful- them fell in battle. I am not such a ness has just gone up. The gorge has broken and the ice is floating down ashamed of that cause. As for the other far more dreadful crime charged against me, namely: that I broke my parole of henor in escaping from a penal colony, I might, perhaps, content myself with referring to the authority of Mr. Martin, member for Meath; of Mr. Smyth, member for Westmeath, and of Mr. Smith O'Brien-[cheers]-who have all indignantly vindicated me against that ruffian charge. Does Mr. Disraeli imagine for a moment that if I had done the shameful deed he attributes to me, I could stand up and look my countrymen in the face?" Mr. Mitchel went on from this point to defend his action in escaping from the penal settlement, as as already given. He said: "The events passed more than a quarter of a century ago, and the only narrative of all the details is that which I have given myself in a journal which I kept at the time. That journal, however, was published in America, and its circulation was prevented in this country by the interference of Dublin castle, so that probably not one in forty of those now pres-ent ever saw it. I hold that volume now in my hand, and shall presently swept away. All communication with read the page of it referring to my escape. But first I point your attention to the fact that I was three years at large in Van Diemen's land, confined there only by the promise I had given, al-From the Extra of the Corinth Sub-Soiler, of though there was no day or night when I might not have quitted the colony The sad news reached our city early with ease and security, if I had conde-second to escape claudestinely, and

NASHVILLE.

MEMPHIS, TENN., THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1875.

Proceedings of the Legislature Yesterday-The Knexville and Charleston Railroad -Railroad Discrim-

Report From Committee to Investigate Charges Against Last Legislature-The Assessment Bill.

The Funding Act-The Bill Introduced by Mathes, of Shelby, to Provide Revenue for the State-Etc.

Special to the Appeal.] W. Stevens and Henry Nance were NASHVILLE, March 17 .- In the sen-J. W. Stevens and Henry Nance were unroofed. The following houses were damaged: C. P. Church, storehouse belonging to J. W. Austin, used for plow-shop; J. T. Barton, W. F. Hall, Sam Clark, B. F. Young's residence and ginhouse, C. A. Taylor's residence, and many others, slightly. H. T. Jonsey lost three or four hundred dollars in money, Rev. H. G. Savage lost about one hundred dollars, paid. The committee recommended the paid. The committee recommended the sale of the East Tennessee fair grounds, belonging to the State. The following senate bills passed third reading: Guarding against railroad discriminations; to thorize chancellors to issue writs of habeas corpus. A report was presented by the committee appointed to investigate the last legislature, to the effect that the charges are not true, but the committee regret not being able to secure the attendance of John L. House as witness. The committee afterward withdrew the report, and will make another to-morrow.

In the house: House bill adopted in lieu of senate assessment bill passed third reading. House bill repealing section 11 of the funding act was amended so as to repeal the entire act and passed third reading; also the bill legalizing the marriage of George and Emily Herron Senate bill to require persons convicted of misdemeanor to work out the fine and costs passed third reading.

THE MATHES REVENUE BILL.

till to be entitled an act to provide revenue for the State, and to reduce the burdens SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the gener al assembly of the State of Tennessee, That the State tax upon over one hundred dollars's worth of property upon which taxes by law are assessed for State pur-

privilege or license taxes hereafter to be on the warrant of the comptroller, by assessed and collected by law on the the president, or some other officer of light, three miles northwest from Rienzi, with a collar and breastpin fast- inafter named shall be as follows: Mer- first day of October in each and every SCRANTON, PA., March 17.—West ened to it; the dress pocket contained a Pittston stands between two floods, one of which broke through a ravine at the care of by the fortunate few who are not | property, and the word capital in this | proceed to collect taxes from delinquent wounded, who are showing a generous | act is construed to mean the cash value | tax-payers, and the warrant of the compdisposition to help those who are in of the largest stock of goods held on | troller shall be sufficient evidence of the hand any one day in the year, provided that a reduction of one-third shall be taxes are due and unpaid; and in case made from goods bought on a credit and the officers of any railroad company subremaining unpaid for at the day the tax | ject to taxation under the provisions of falls due. And no county or municipal | this act shall fail or refuse to return to government shall have power to levy a the comptroller the schedule or values of higher tax than herein named, unless for special purposes. Brewers, per annum, \$75; butchers, per annum, \$5; meat-stores, per annum, \$5; billiard, bagatelle, pool and jenny-lind tables, each, per annum, \$10; circuses and menageries, each or unitedly, including side shows, per day and night in the county, or in towns of one thousand inhabitants or less, \$20, and for each additional one thousand inhabitants an additional tax of \$1; exhibitions for profit, other than circuses or menage ries, per day, \$5; negro minstrel performance, not in a licensed theater, per day and night, \$10; each two-horse back or carriage run for pay, per an num, \$5; each two-horse wagon or omnibus run for pay, per annum, \$8; cattle dealers, each, per annum, and the license shall not be transferable, \$5; horse and mule dealers, license not transferable, per annum, \$5; intelligence office-keepers, per annum, \$10; foreign fire insurance companies, in lieu of all other taxes to the State, one and onehalf per cent. on gross premiums; home fire insurance companies, one and onehalf per cent. on gross premiums; to the Irish people generally, took place foreign life insurance companies, one here last Thursday, the twenty-fifth inand one-helf per cent. on gross stant. It was the twenty-fifth anniver-premiums; home life insurance sary of Cardinal Cullen's elevation to the companies, one and one-half per episcopacy. On the continent such a cent. on gross premiums, all payable to the comptroller under the regulations | with special solemnity, and in Germany now required by law; insurance agents per annum, \$25; livery and sale stables, per annum, \$10. Peddlers of any kind of eral festivity for all his diocesans, laity goods, wares, merchandise, or patent as well as clergy. In Ireland, however, medicines, as follows: On foot, per an- it is only lately that such a practice has and one or more horses, per annum, \$20, but a license may be issued quarterly, provided that the clerk may be entitled to a fee of no more than after carts for issuing such quarterly license; retail liquor dealers in the coun- on this occasion, beside the usual gortry, or in towns of not more than one thousand inhabitants, \$40, and for each olic bishop at high mass, he wore the pal-additional one thousand inhabitants an lium, which is a special archiepiscopal additional tax of \$1; provided, that in ornament or vestment worn only on no case shall the tax exceed \$75 per an- rare occasions, and which the canons dinum, or the retail dealer be required to pay a merchant's tax in addition to the on his death. This ornament is a narlicense tax on the goods and fixtures row band of the finest texture, woven of used in the business. The license may pure white lamb's wool; it has five black be granted quarterly at the same rate upon application, but in such case the clerk lium is blessed specially by the pope issuing shall only be allowed fifty cents once a year, on the vigil of St. Peter's bond filed and license issued. Any per-

where one dollar is now allowed on each | feast. It is granted with great solemnity, in a public consistory, and the archson selling in less quantities than a quart shall be deemed a retail dealer, and take out license according to the present law, MacGettigan, of Armagh, and eight othexcept druggists, who may sell as merer bishops, besides the members of the cathedral chapter, and a great number chants for medical purposes upon certificate or prescription of a physician. of clergymen, assisted at the ceremony. Pawn brokers, per annum, \$75; each sleeping-car, \$2 for each The lord mayor (M'Swiney), attended by the civic officers, and accompanied sleeping berth, payable to the comptroller, who shall be entitled to a fee of \$3 by several aldermen and town councilfor issuing the license on each sleepinglors, came in state equipages to the church, and were present in the corpocar; express companies, payable to the comptroller, \$-; telegraph companies, ration pew. The earl of Granard, Lord \$-; ten-pin alleys, per annum, \$10; va-riety establishments, per annum, \$50, or quarterly at the rate of \$20 per quar-O'Hagan, and many other leading Catholies were also present, and the large ter; theaters, per annum, \$50; theaters, quarterly, \$20; provided, that musical societies or organizations may give pubmass, the celebrated Dominican preacher, Father Burke, delivered an eloquent sermon on the text, First Epistle of St. lic entertainments for their own benefit, Peter, chapter v, verses 1-4: "The aucients, therefore, that are or for educational, religious and charitable purposes, without paying any tax or procuring license. The unsuccessful among you, I beseech, who am myself an ancient and a witness of the sufferparty in every litigation in the courts, ings of Christ; as also a partaker of that and all parties taxed with the costs in glory which is to be revealed in time to prosecutions, by presentment or indict-ment, shall pay to the State a specific come; feed the flock of God which is you, taking care of it not by constraint, but willingly according to God; not tax of \$3 in courts of record, and a tax of one-half of one per cent. shall be colfor filthy lucre's sake, but voluntarily; lected on all judgments obtained before neither as lording it over the clergy, bu a justice of the peace on all sums over \$50, which shall be paid over by the by being a pattern to the flock from the

justice of the peace to the county court shall appear, you shall receive a neverclerk on or by the first Tuesday in Jan-uary, March, July and October; and in fading crown of glory."

Many had looked forward to an ap-The sad news reached our city early so monoids morning itsel, that our pleasant neighboring town. Rienzi, had been at the seas and security, if I had condered more appearance of the sufferer by the tornade which a series of the sufferer by the tornade which a series of the sufferer by the tornade which a series of the night previous. Several of our citizens visited Rienzi, on Monday evening, to render such assistance to the sufferers set lay in their powers. We are indebted to Mr. John W. M'Aulty, for the following particulars of this sad visitation, he being one of the parties who visited Rienzi. The storn on Sunday night commenced about two o'clock in Rienzi, and blew down several houses.

Killed-Porter Walker, in Rienzi, and blew down several houses.

Killed-Porter Walker, in Rienzi, and how will be a served about two o'clock in Rienzi, and blew down several houses.

Killed-Porter Walker, in Rienzi, and how will be a served with the seas and security, if I had condended the safety of the cardinal colors of the fifty of the parties who visited Rienzi.

The regimental colors of the Fifty-fourth massachusetts volunteers (colorm the sunday which as a server with the sun of about two o'clock in Rienzi, and blew down several houses.

Killed-Porter Walker, in Rienzi, and hole we seemed to we have a mental the same of the parties who visited Rienzi.

The regimental colors of the Fifty-fourth Massachusetts volunteers (colorm the business has been continued about two o'clock in Rienzi, and hole we will be succeeding firm shall take and the same was a new partner, or a member, or the admission of a new partner, or a member of the partner who visited Rienzi.

The regimental colors of the Fifty-fourth massachusetts volunteers (colorm the business has been continued to the collection of the cereion of the core of the partner who will be succeeding firm shall take and the same was a new partner, or a member, or the cardinal and the same was a new partner, or a member of the partner who will be succeeded to the continuence all cases of misdemeanor before a justice of the peace a State tax of \$2 shall be collected as other costs, and likewise turned over to the county court clerk.

See 3 Re if further engeted That

heart. And when the Prince of Pastors

THE EDITORIAL EXCURSION.

remove to follow such avocation; but it

roads have been in operation twenty

years, or so soon as the period during which they are exempt from taxation under the provisions of their charters

shall have expired, shall be taxed at the

same rate that other property is taxed. Sec. 6. Be it further enacted, That in

all cases where railroad companies have

consolidated their lines under authority

of the general assembly of the State of

Tennessee, and the company owning

two or more railroads as originally char-

tered, which now constitute but one

railroad company, and the sections of

the road as now constituted were com-pleted at different times, and the prop-

erty of which sections was exempt from

taxation at and for different periods of

time, and the limitation as to said sec-

tion has expired, the property of that portion of the road which has been com-

eted for a period of twenty years shall

be liable to taxation under the provi-

sions of this act in the same manner as

if said section or railroad had not been

onsolidated, but had remained a single

out, shall show the date of the com-

oletion of the road, and if composed of

wo or more railroads consolidated, then

the date of the completion of each; also

the value of the road-bed, the value of

the iron rails, of all the engines, depots.

rolling-stock, machine-shops, of all real

estate, tools, implements, office fixtures,

and it shall be the duty of the comptrol-

on the schedule of property so furnished, and the same shall be paid to and re-

such railroad company herein required,

it shall then be the duty of the comp-

troller to assess said railroad company

according to the best information he can

get, and shall add ten per cent. to the

thereon accordingly. All laws or parts of laws conflicting with this act are

Sec. 10. Be it further enacted, That this act take effect from and after its

passage the public welfare requiring it.

A CARDINAL'S WEDDING.

The Only "Red Hat" in Ireland Cele-

brates His Twenty-Fifth Anniver-

sary-Sermon by Father Tom

Burke.

Oublin Correspondence New York Herald.]

to the Roman Catholic community who

were more directly concerned, but also

recurrence is always commemorated

especially the "silver wedding" of a

geous vestments worn by a Roman Cath-

crosses woven into the stuff. The pal-

A ceremony of much interest, not only

hereby repealed.

value so assessed, and compute the taxes

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That ceived by the treasurer of the State

shall not be transferable to any one liv

ing in another county, nor shall any per-son holding a State license be compelled Names of the Party-All the Leading Journals of Indiana Representedto pay more than one county or corporation tax during its continuance.
Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That
the real and personal property of all
railroad companies in this State where Visit to the Theater.

Below we give the names of the members of the Indiana editorial excursion, which arrived on the Louisville road yesterday afternoon, and who are now at the Peabody hotel. The party will leave here this afternoon by way of the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad for Vicksburg, whence they visit New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Eufaula, Tallahasse, Jacksonville, Savannah, Charleston, Augusta, Atlanta, Chattanoogs and Lookout mountain, Nashville and Evansville. Last night the excursionists were the recipients of the attentions of the members of the Memphis press, and attended the Memphis Theater upon the following invitation: MEMPHIS, TENN., March 16, 1875.

W. Ainsworth, Esq.: MY DEAR SIR-In the name of my "star," Mr. Joseph Murphy, and my-self, I invite you and all the delegation from Indiana to witness the performance at the Memphis Theater this evening. Truly yours, THOMAS W. DAVEY.

Proprietor Memphis Theater. C. W. Ainsworth and wife, Plainfield, road as originally chartered.
Sec. 7. Be it further enacted, That the Reform School Record. H. D. Walrath and wife, Leader, comptroller of the treasury shall have printed blank forms which, when filled Cherokee, Iowa. R. S. White and wife, Union, Fort

Atkinson, Wis. T. C. Phillips and daughter, Tribune F. B. Thomas, Democrat, Winamac. H. H. Whitesides, News, Hutchinson, M. L. Bundy and wife, Mercury, New

and other improvements and personal property not included in the foregoing; N. E. Black and wife, Reporter, Spiceland. Thomas Mitchell, Democrat, Greenler to furnish to the president of each railroad company doing business in this State, or the highest officer of the com-A. E. Gordon and wife, Patriot, Lepany in the State, if the president is a non-resident, one of these blanks on or Geo. Hazzard, Courier, New Castle.

J. Millikin and wife, Courier, New before the first Monday in April of each Sec. 8. Be it further enacted, That W. C. Gerard and wife, Indiana it shall be the duty of the president of every railroad company doing business Farmer, Indianapolis. S. E. Tilford and sister, Wilter Tiln this State, or the officer in charge of ford, and Mrs. Chambers, Publishing the principal office of the State, when the president is a non-resident, to fill house, Indianapolis. E. M. Johnson and sister, Irvington out said blank of values, and make an J. B. Conner and wife, Indiana Farmer, Indianapolis.
B. F. Worth and wife, Citizen, Plainaffidavit of the form to be presented by

the comptroller before and with a clerk of a court of record in this State as to J. H. Binford, Indiana School Jourits correctness, and transmit the schenal, Indianapolis.
J. B. Hann and wife, Indiana School dule as sworn to to the comptroller on or before the first Monday of July in each and every year. Sec. 9. Be it further enacted, That Journal, Indianapolis. W. W. Stevens, Democrat, Salem. Howard Briggs, Press, Greencastle. S. Turman, Herald, Bowling Green. the comptroller shall estimate the taxes M. Patton, Messenger, Thorntown.

Joe. V. Lingle, Courier, Lafayette.

Murray Briggs, Democrat, Sullivan. J. A. Hays, Union, Sullivan. E. H. Stealey and wife, Crescent, Frankfort. H. L. Benham and wife, Musical Review, Indianapolis.
Mrs. N. E. Treat, Herald, Laporte. Joseph Rogers, Courier, Newcastle. Miss Alice Sutherland, Herald, La-

A. G. Tebbs, Press, Lawrenceburg. T. C. Mays, wife and son, Courier, S. M. Vooris, Jeffersonian, Franklin. A. O. Meyrs, Enquirer, Cincinnati. A. J. Halford, Indianapolis. Miss Anna Brouse, Chicago.

F. J. Shepard, Sentinel, Indianapolis. Mrs. Dr. Prunk, Indianapolis. H. Medaris, Home Journal, Lafayette. Mrs. M. Moreau, People, Indianapolis, G. E. Leonard, Republican, Peru. J. O. Ward, Times, Peru. J. H. Hanley, Sentinel, Fort Wayne. O. Hardesty, Sun, Indianapolis. M. Y. Todisman, wife and mother, Democrat, Anderson.

H. Harrison and wife, Pioneer, Leban Wallace DeWolfe and sister, Chicago, E. P. Baker, Patriot, Lebanon. Samuel Butler, News, Indianapolis. J. E. Land, Star, Edinburg. David Webb, Star, Edinburg. P. S. Westfall and wife, Mail, Terre

H. Wishard, Herald, Fowler. C. Maxwell and wife, Pythian Journal, Indianapolis, Will T. Walker, Republican, Martins-

J. G. Bain, Gazette, Martinsville. O. O. Thwing, Journal, Indianapolis. C. E. Turner, Herald, Indianapolis. Albert Shannon, Herald, Anderson. James Talmage, Indianapolis. Miss Metcalf, Press, Waterloo. C. F. Shepherd, Independent, Rich-

Mrs. D. M. Jordan, Sentinel, Fort Wayne. H. P. Jones.

MARRIED.

MARSHALL-CONNELL-At the residence of the bride's mother, on Tuesday, the 18th instant, by Rev. E. Daniel, Mr. E. MARSHALL and Miss Anna R. Connell, daughter of the late H. D. Connell. No cards. Clarksville and Nashville papers copy ;

A large and brilliant company graced the eventful occasion, and followed the newlywedded pair with hearty congratulations through the joys of the festival evening.

DISSOLUTION. the partnership heretofore existing be THE parinership nerecolore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of RADT & MEYER, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. THEO. MEYER assumes the payment of all liabilities of aforesaid firm, and is the only authorized person to collect the debts due said, firm.

Memphis, March 17, 1875.

JOSEPH RADT. THEO, MEYER. Referring to the above, I wish to inform my friends and patrons, and the public in general, that the Bluff City Cleaning and Steam Dyeing establishment, at No. 310 Second street, will be continued as heretofore, and I hope that, by strict attention to business, I shall merit a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed upon the old firm, and solicit the patronage of all who wish anything done in my line. I guarantee satisfaction.

The EO, MEYER, mhl8 Practical Dyer, 310 Second street.

INSURANCE ON THE RIVER.

MARINE BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS, Memphis, Tenn., March 17, 1875. Memphis, Tenn., March 17, 1875.

RESOLVED, That in future, no bills for reclamation or averages, for losses on the river, shall be paid by members of this Beard until a certified copy of the protest shall have been filed with this Board, nor until the attitude of averages has been submitted to and approved by the Average Committee and the Adjuster of this Board.

W. A. GOODMAN, President.

W. H. RHEA, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

THE officers and members of Memphielodge, No. 6, are requested to meet at their tastic Hall, table (THURSDAY) evening, at 7 o'clock, sharp, for work in the second rank. Members of sister lodges cordially invited By order. A. J. M'GARVEY, C. C. Jos. S. LEGN, K. of R. and S.

MASONIC NOTICE. EUREKA COUNCIL, NO. 8, R. & S. M.
The stated monthly assembly of
this Council will be held this (THURSDAY) evening at 7½ o'ciock. Members are requested to be prompt in attendance.
Transient R. & S. M. S fraiernally invited.
By order of A. J. WHEELER, T. I. M.
Attest: C. H. MYERS, Recorder.

FOR SALE.

A LL THE PROPERTIES belonging to the Mardi Gras Committee—"tiks"—and used in the day-procession on February 8th (last Mardi Gras), are herewith offered for sale. The properties consist of

82 Fancy Costumes and Figures, 35 Fau cy Horse Covers, 7 pairs Gray Biankets, and 9 Platforms

used on the Floats. If not disposed of by private sale within thirty days, the same will be sold at PURLU AUCTION, in front of the storehouse, No. 7 Howard's Row, on Friday, April 16, 1875.

For further particulars, apply to unlik M. MARX, No. 7 Madison st.

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANY

Office-5 1-2 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Policies issued upon Fire, Marine and Inland W. JEFFERSON, President.

G. V. RAMBAUT, Vice-Pres't. G. W. L. CROOK, Secretary,

DIRECTORS: . W. JEFFERSON, of J. W. Jefferson & Co.

T. B. DILLARD, Cotton Factor. J. N. OLIVER, of Oliver, Finnle & Co. JONATHAN RICE, of Rice, SHIX & Co. WM. SIMPSON, of Pettit & Simpson. J. R. GODWIN, Cotton Factor, G. V. RAMBAUT, of E. M. Apperson & Co.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS, TENE.,

Designated Depository and Financial Agen of the United States; also, specially designated as a

Depository for Disbursing Officers of the Treasury, War and Judiciary Departments of the Government.

ORGANIZATION FOR 1875.

DIRECTORS P. PROUDFIT, of Day & Proudfit, Cotton JNO. C. FIZER, of Estes, Fizer & Co., Whole-B. EISEMAN, of Rice, Stix & Co., Wholesale W. A. GAGE, of Gage & Fisher, Cotton Fac-

J. N. OLIVER, of Oriver, Finnie & Co., Whole-T. B. DILLARD, Cotton Factor.

Miss L. M. Coffin, Journal, India-N. D. MENKEN, of Menken Brothers, Whole-sale and Retail Dry Goods. C. T. CURTIS, Cotton Buyer. T. S. ELY, of Ely, Harvey & Richardson, Grocers and Cotton Factors. M. C. PEARCE, of Pearce, Suggs & Co., Gro-

cers and Cotten Factors. R. L. COFFIN, of Dillard & Coffin, Cotton H. FURSTENHEIM, of Furstenheim & Co., Grocers and Cotton Factors. F. S. DAVIS, President First National Bank

P. S. DAVIS . . . . . . Presiden W. P. PROUDFIT - - - Vice-President W. W. THACHER - - - - Cashier

NOTICE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, By virtue of the first section of an act of Congress, approved June 14, 1895, entitled "An act to regulate and secure the safe-keeping of public money intrust d to disbursing officers of the United States," the First National Bank of Memphis, Tannessee (there being no Treasurer nor Assistant-Treasurer of the United States at that place), is hereby specially designated for the reception, safe-keeping and disbursement, according to law, of the public funds intrusted for disbursement to any and all officers of the Treasury Department.

funds intrusted for disbursement of all officers of the Treasury Department.
CHAS. F. CONANT.
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.
To Cashier First National Eank, Mempris, fel2

CHANCERY SALE --- OF ---

REAL ESTATE

No. 1367, R.—First Chancery Court of Shelby county—F, G. Connell et al vs. Ann McKen-na et al. By virtue of an interioculory [decree for sale

Saturday, April 10, 1875,

within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shelby county, Tennessee, to-wit:

Beginning on the north line of the State Line road, at the southeast corner of Endora Church lot, being about 5 chains from southeast corner of J. J. Todd's land; thence with said road south 64° east about 15 15-160 chains to an angle in the road, being 20 15-160 chains to an angle in the road, being 20 15-160 chains to an southeast corner of Todd's land; thence south 81° east with road about 4 chains to a point opposite the east side of an avenue or road leading south from said State Line road; thence south with east line of raid avenue about 25 75-160 chains to northwest corner of Wesley Moore's 48 34-100 acre tract; thence east with Moore's north line about 31 chains to northeast corner of said 18 34-160 acres and southwest corner of an 18 acre wast bought by said Moore from Eppy White deed recorded in book 31, page 342; thence north with west line of said 18 acre tract to south side of Memphis and Charleston railroad and 56 feet from center thereof; thence southeastwardly parallel with said railroad to a point due south of the east line of the Pillow 168 acre survey; thence north, crossing the railroad and State Line road, and with east line of said Pillow 3500 acre survey, being also the west line of chains to a corner of said Elijah Brooks' tract, about 76 chains to a corner of said Elijah Brooks' tract, and Mrs. A. M. Mason's lands about 84, chains to east line of J. J. Todd's land; thence south with his east line 30 chains 27% links to the northwest corner of 1 acre sold by White to J. R. Williams et al, trustees (deed recorded in book 67, page 185), being 6 chains 72% links north of State Line road; thence east with instment of averages has been submitted to and approved by the Average Committee and the Adjuster of this Board.

W. A. GOODMAN, President.

W. H. RHEA, Secretary.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee—In the matter of P. G. Meath, Bankrupt.—In Bankr

R. J. BLACK, D. C. & M. Harris & Pillow, J. M. Gregory, Hutchinso & Townsend, C. W. Metcalf, and R. C. Wi liamson, Attorneys.

J. P. CARUTHERS.

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW Office in Irving Block,

245 Second street, up-stairs, Memphis NOTICE IN BANKBUPTUY.

District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of W. N. Thompson, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of W. N. Thompson, of Jackson Madison county, Tennessee.

O WOOLDRIDGE, Assignee.

Memphis, March 17, 1875.